

IDNA Transition/Experiences

.tel presentation By Vladimir Shadrunov, Telnic



- IDNs supported per ICANN Guidelines
- 16 languages:
 - 12 European languages based on Latin script
 - Russian
 - Chinese
 - Japanese
 - Korean
- Policy approach:
 - Language rather than script
 - Pre-existing stable policy



- Blocking
 - Chinese: Simplified vs Traditional (门↔門)
 - Japanese: Katakana vs CJK (カ↔カ)
 - Russian: Cyrillic vs similar Latin (π↔n)
- Bundling
 - Chinese: all-simplified and all-traditional forms



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Why .tel is special

- Purpose of the sTLD
- Mandatory NAPTR records •
- No custom A-records •



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Vladimir Shadrunov Director of Policy **Telnic Limited** I'm now in Cartagena, Colombia on the ICANN meeting.



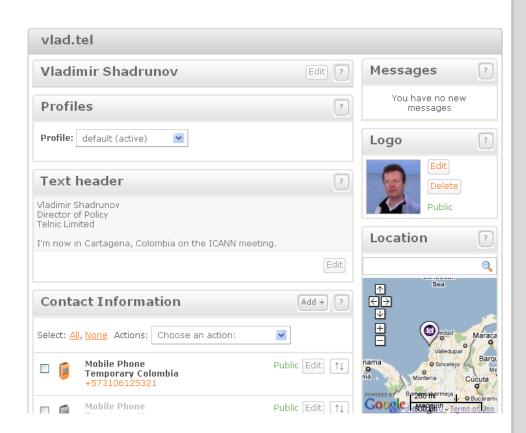
Leave a message (Work)

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- Nameservers run by contracted parties
- Mandatory provisioning system (TelHosting)
- Mandatory API





- Additional syntax verifications for U-labels
 - contains at least one non-ASCII character
 - Does not contain hyphens in 3rd and 4th positions
 - Does not start or end with a hyphen
- Eszett (ß) issue

Münchenstraße.tel: IDNA2003 – mapped to Münchenstrasse IDNA2008 – valid label, no mapping

Possible approaches:

- Sunrise/Grandfathering
- Blocking
- Bundling



- U-Label syntax verification
 - All checks applied to second level labels
 - Must not contain disallowed characters
 - Must not begin with a combining character
 - Must not contain characters whose validity is context-dependent
 - Must meet the Bidi criteria



- IDNAbis-compatible applications (browsers)
 - Firefox, Chrome, IE are not yet compliant
 - IDNs with newly allowed code points will not yet be usable
- IDNAbis-compatible software libraries
 - java.net.IDN still works per RFC 3490



Thank you Questions?

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